

# SPECIFICATION 产品规格书

REFOND P/N 产品型号

RF-AL-C3535L2K1\*\*-H1

R&D 研发

Mass Product 量产供货

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## 1. Description 产品介绍

### 1.1 General Description 产品描述



The White LED which was fabricated by using a blue chip and phosphors.

白光 LED 是由蓝光芯片激发荧光粉而形成。

The LED package dimension: 3.45mmX3.45mmX2.20mm.

产品尺寸: 3.45mmX3.45mmX2.20mm。

### 1.2 Features 产品特征

Ceramics Package. 陶瓷封装

viewing angle: 120°. 发光角度 120°

Moisture sensitivity level: Level 1. 防潮等级 Level 1

Suitable for all SMT assembly and solder process. 适用于所有的 SMT 组装和焊接工艺。

Available on tape and reel. 适用于载带及卷轴

RoHS compliant. 满足 RoHS 要求

### 1.3 Application 产品应用

Warning lights, Downlights, Wash wall lights, Spot lights, Street lights, Visual lights,  
Photographic fill lights. 警报器、筒射灯、洗墙灯、天花灯、路灯、视觉照明、摄影补光

Plant lighting, Landscape lighting

植物照明、景观照明、舞台摄影

Hotels, markets, offices, household and other indoor uses. 酒店、商场、办公室、家用及其它室内用途

### 1.4 Package Dimension 封装尺寸

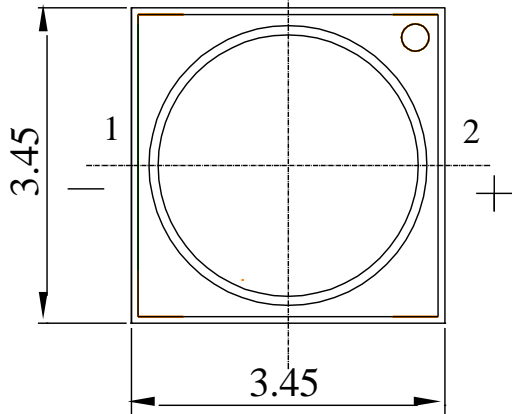


Fig.1-1 Top view 正面视图

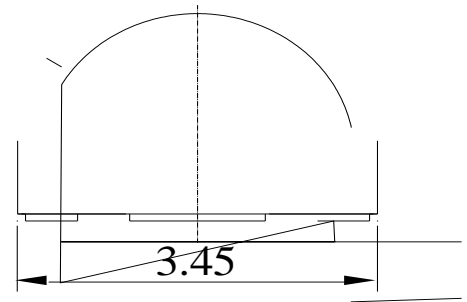


Fig.1-2 Side view 侧面视图

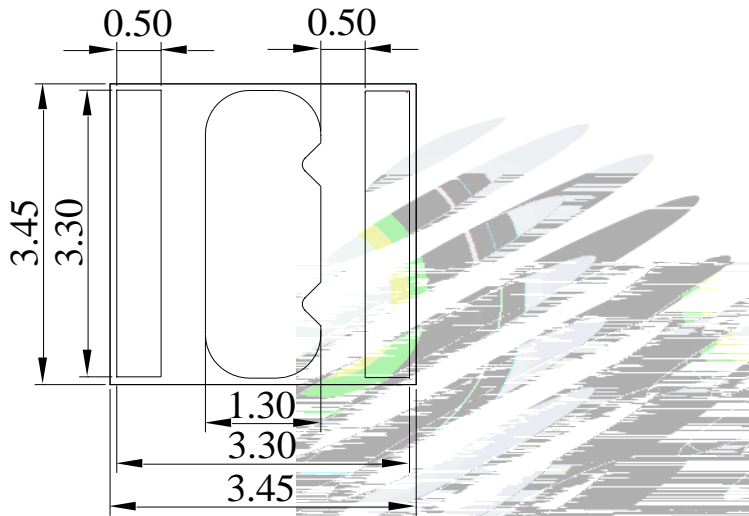


Fig.1-3 Bottom view 背面视图

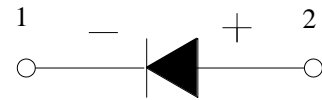


Fig.1-4 Polarity 极性

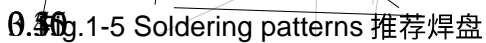


Fig.1-5 Soldering patterns 推荐焊盘

#### Notes 备注:

1. All dimensions units are millimeters. 所有尺寸标注单位为毫米
2. All dimensions tolerances are  $\pm 0.2\text{mm}$  unless otherwise noted. 除特别标注外, 所有尺寸公差为  $\pm 0.2$  毫米

## 1.5 Product Parameters 产品参数

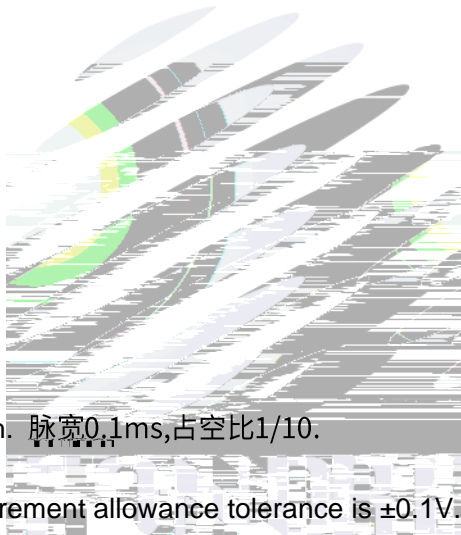
Table 1-1 Electrical / Optical Characteristics at Ts=25°C 电性与光学特性

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Value			Unit
			Min.	Typ	Max.	
Forward Voltage (正向电压)	$V_F$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	2.6	---	3.4	V
RF-AL-C3535L2K127-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	140	---	170	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	260	---	320	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K130-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	150	---	180	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	280	---	340	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K135-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	160	---	190	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	300	---	360	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K140-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	160	---	190	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	300	---	360	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K145-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	160	---	190	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	300	---	360	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K150-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	160	---	190	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	300	---	360	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K157-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	160	---	190	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	300	---	360	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K160-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	160	---	190	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	300	---	360	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K165-H1 Luminous Flux (光通量)	$I_v$	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	150	---	180	lm
		$I_F=700\text{mA}$	280	---	340	lm
RF-AL-C3535L2K127-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	2700	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K130-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	3000	---	K

RF-AL-C3535L2K135-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	3500	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K140-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	4000	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K145-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	4500	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K150-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	5000	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K157-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	5700	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K160-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	6000	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K165-H1 Correlated Color Temperature (色温)	CCT	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	6500	---	K
RF-AL-C3535L2K1**-H1 Color Rendering Index (显色指数)	Ra	$I_F=350\text{mA}$	80	---	---	---
Reverse Current (漏电流)	$I_R$	$V_R=5\text{V}$	---	---	10	$\mu\text{A}$
Viewing Angle (发光角度)		$I_F=350\text{mA}$	---	120	---	deg
Thermal Resistance. (热阻)	$R_{THJ-S}$	$I_F=700\text{mA}$ $T_a=85$	---	2.19	---	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

Table 1-2 Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ts=25°C 绝对最大值

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units
Power Dissipation (功耗)	$P_D$	6800	mW
Forward Current (正向电流)	$I_F$	2000	mA
Peak Forward Current (峰值电流)	$I_{FP}$	3000	mA
Reverse Voltage (反向电压)	$V_R$	5	V



Notes 备注:

1. 1/10 Duty cycle, 0.1ms pulse width. 脉宽0.1ms,占空比1/10.
2. The above forward voltage measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 0.1V$ . 以上所示电压测量误差  $\pm 0.1V$ .
3. The above Dominant Wavelength measurement allowance tolerance is  $\pm 1nm$ . 以上所示波长测量误差  $\pm 1nm$ .
4. The above luminous intensity measurement allowance tolerance  $\pm 10\%$ . 上述发光强度的测试允许公差为  $\pm 10\%$ .
5. Care is to be taken that power dissipation does not exceed the absolute maximum rating of the product. 使用功率不能超过规定的最大值。
6. All measurements were made under the standardized environment of Refond. 所有测试都是基于瑞丰现有的标准测试平台。

7. When the LEDs are in operation the maximum current should be decided after measuring the package temperature junction temperature should not exceed the maximum rate. LED使用的最大电流需要根据散热条件确定, 结温不能超过最大值。

8. ESD yield is over 80% at 2000V ESD (HBM). ESD protection during products handing is needed. 80%的LED通过人体模式ESD2000V 测试, 在操作时请注意静电防护。

### 1.5.1 Bin Range Of Forward Voltage and Luminous Intensity (IF=350mA)电压与光强分 BIN 范围(IF=350mA)

Table 1-3

V <sub>F</sub> V	F0	G0	H0	I0
	2.6-2.8	2.8-3.0	3.0-3.2	3.2-3.4
	FC6	FC7	FC8	FC9
	140-150	150-160	160-170	170-180
	FD1			
	180-190			

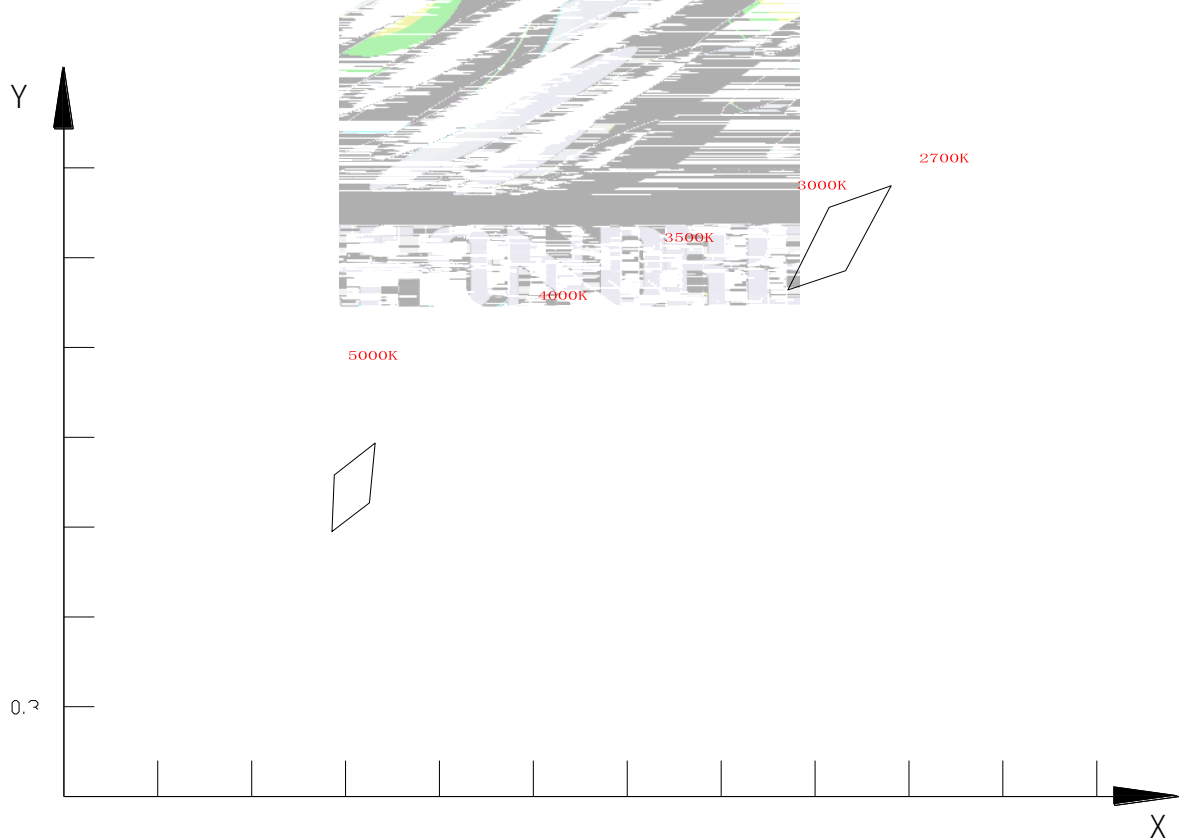


Fig.1-7 Chromaticity Coordinates

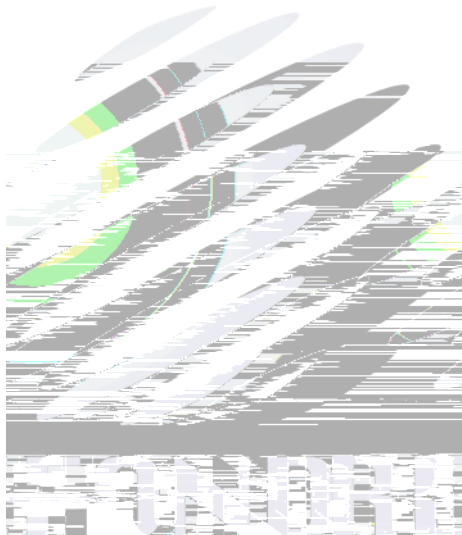


Table 1-4 Chromaticity Region & Coordinates

Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y	Region	CIE-X	CIE-Y
2700K			3000K			3500K			4000K		
27A	0.4373	0.3893	30A	0.4147	0.3814	35A	0.3889	0.3690	40A	0.3670	0.3578
	0.4465	0.4071		0.4221	0.3984		0.3941	0.3848		0.3702	0.3722
	0.4582	0.4099		0.4342	0.4028		0.4080	0.3916		0.3825	0.3798
	0.4483	0.3919		0.4259	0.3853		0.4017	0.3751		0.3783	0.3646
27B	0.4465	0.4071	30B	0.4221	0.3984	35B	0.3941	0.3848	40B	0.3702	0.3722
	0.4562	0.4260		0.4299	0.4165		0.3996	0.4015		0.3736	0.3874
	0.4687	0.4289		0.4430	0.4212		0.4146	0.4089		0.3869	0.3958
	0.4582	0.4099		0.4342	0.4028		0.4080	0.3916		0.3825	0.3798
27C	0.4582	0.4099	30C	0.4342	0.4028	35C	0.4080	0.3916	40C	0.3825	0.3798
	0.4687	0.4289		0.4430	0.4212		0.4146	0.4089		0.3869	0.3958



	0.3615	0.3659		0.3451	0.3554		0.3290	0.3417		0.3130	0.3290
	0.3590	0.3521		0.3440	0.3427		0.3290	0.3300		0.3144	0.3186
	0.3512	0.3465		0.3366	0.3369		0.3222	0.3243		0.3068	0.3113
45B	0.3548	0.3736	50B	0.3376	0.3616	57B	0.3207	0.3462	65B	0.3028	0.3304
	0.3641	0.3804		0.3463	0.3687		0.3290	0.3538		0.3115	0.3391
	0.3615	0.3659		0.3451	0.3554		0.3290	0.3417		0.3130	0.3290
	0.3530	0.3597		0.3371	0.3490		0.3215	0.3350		0.3048	0.3207
45C	0.3641	0.3804	50C	0.3463	0.3687	57C	0.3290	0.3538	65C	0.3115	0.3391
	0.3736	0.3874		0.3551	0.3760		0.3376	0.3616		0.3205	0.3481
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3533	0.3620		0.3371	0.3490		0.3213	0.3373
	0.3615	0.3659		0.3451	0.3554		0.3290	0.3417		0.3130	0.3290
45D	0.3615	0.3659	50D	0.3451	0.3554	57D	0.3290	0.3417	65D	0.3130	0.3290
	0.3702	0.3722		0.3533	0.3620		0.3371	0.3490		0.3213	0.3373
	0.3670	0.3578		0.3515	0.3487		0.3366	0.3369		0.3221	0.3261
	0.3590	0.3521		0.3440	0.3427		0.3290	0.3300		0.3144	0.3186
			50R	0.3366	0.3369	57R	0.3222	0.3243	65R	0.3068	0.3113
				0.3440	0.3428		0.3290	0.3300		0.3144	0.3186
				0.3429	0.3307		0.3290	0.3180		0.3161	0.3059
				0.3361	0.3245		0.3231	0.3120		0.3093	0.2993
			50S	0.3381	0.3762	57S	0.3196	0.3602	65S	0.3005	0.3415
				0.3480	0.3840		0.3290	0.3690		0.3099	0.3509
				0.3463	0.3687		0.3290	0.3538		0.3115	0.3391



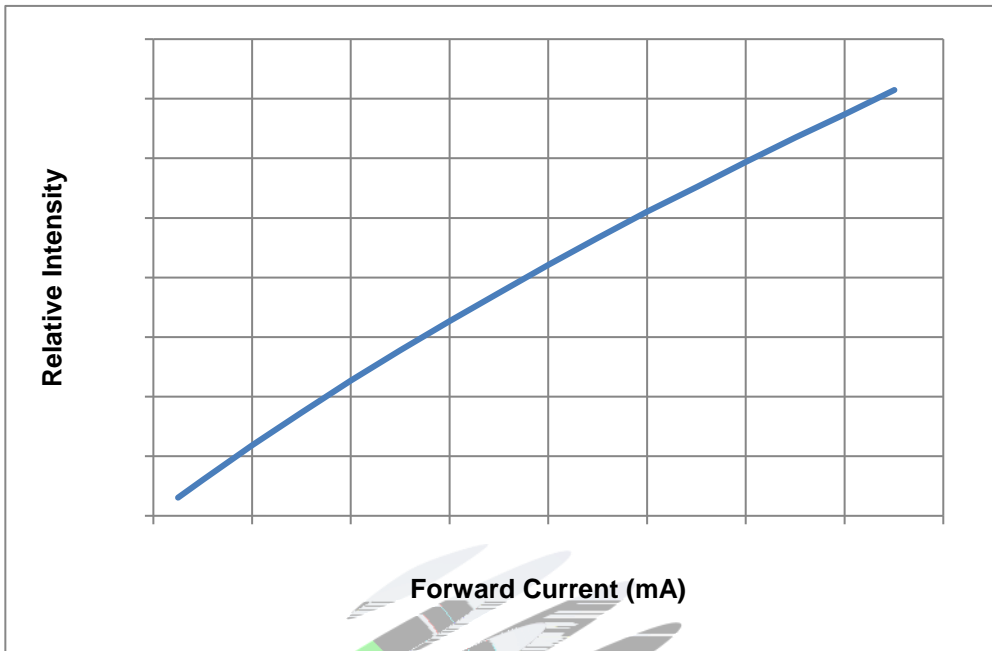


Fig.1-7 Forward Current Vs Relative Intensity正向电流与相对光强特性曲线

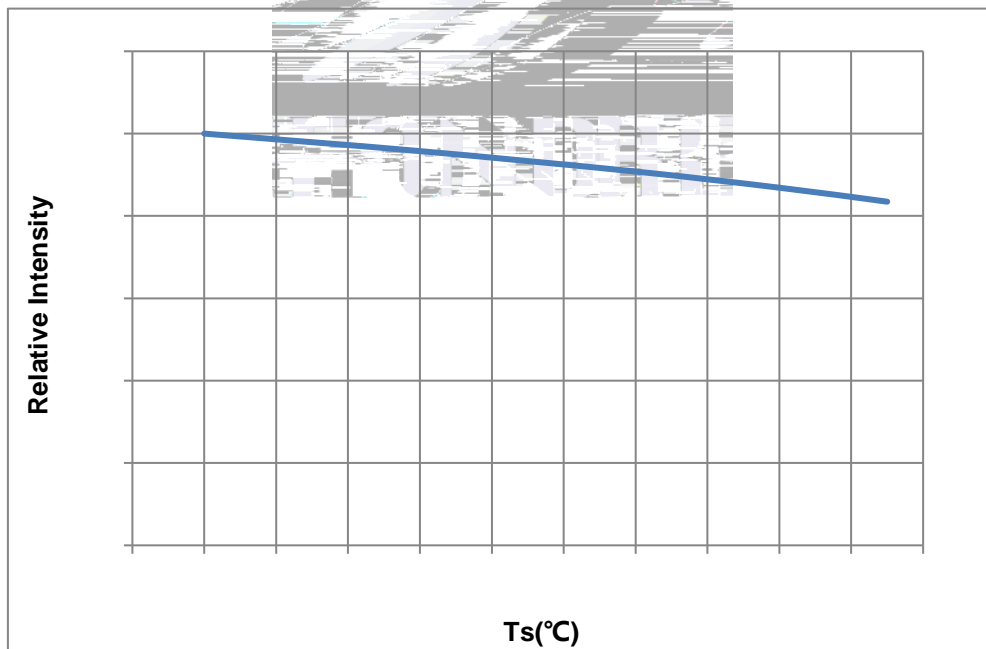


Fig.1-8 Temperature Vs Relative Intensity引脚温度与相对光强特性曲线

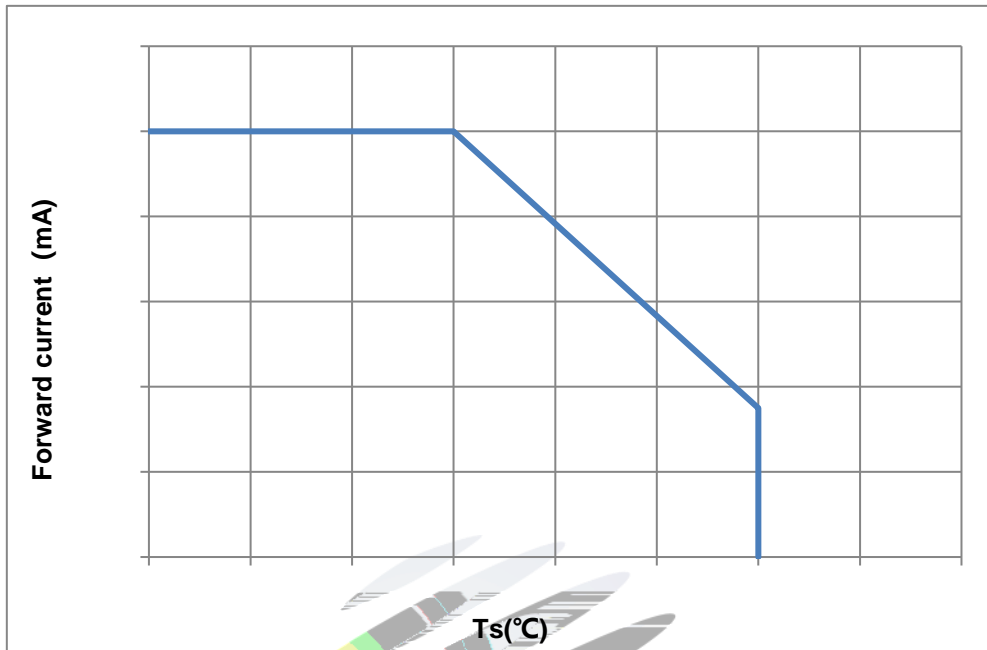


Fig 1-9  $T_s$  Temperature Vs Forward Current 管脚温度与正向电流特性曲线

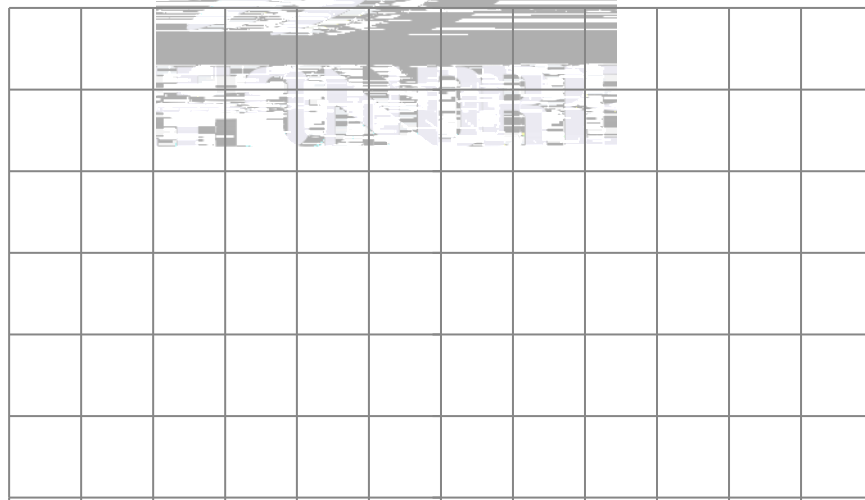


Fig 1-10 Radiation diagram 辐射特性曲线

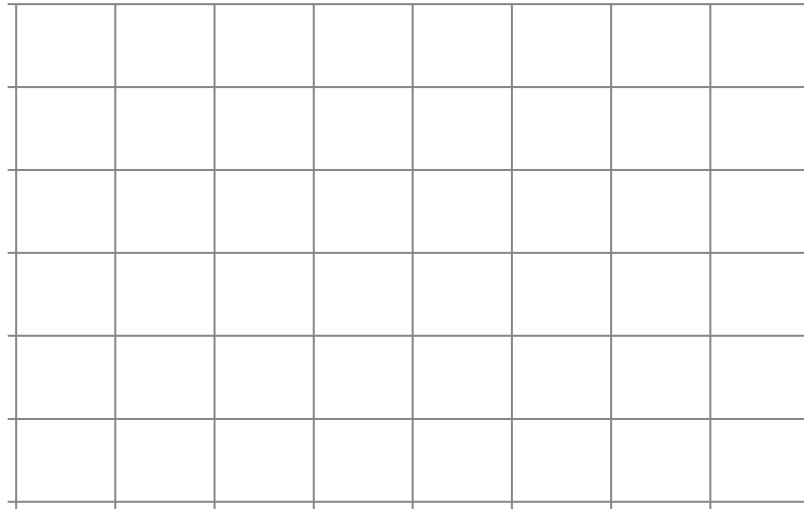
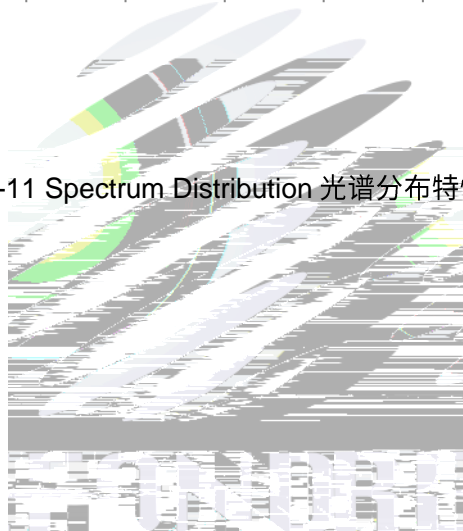


Fig 1-11 Spectrum Distribution 光谱分布特性曲线



## 2. Packaging 产品包装

### 2.1 Packaging Specification 包装规格

Package: Max 1000pcs/reel. 包装每卷最大包

#### 2.1.1 Carrier Tape Dimension 载带尺寸

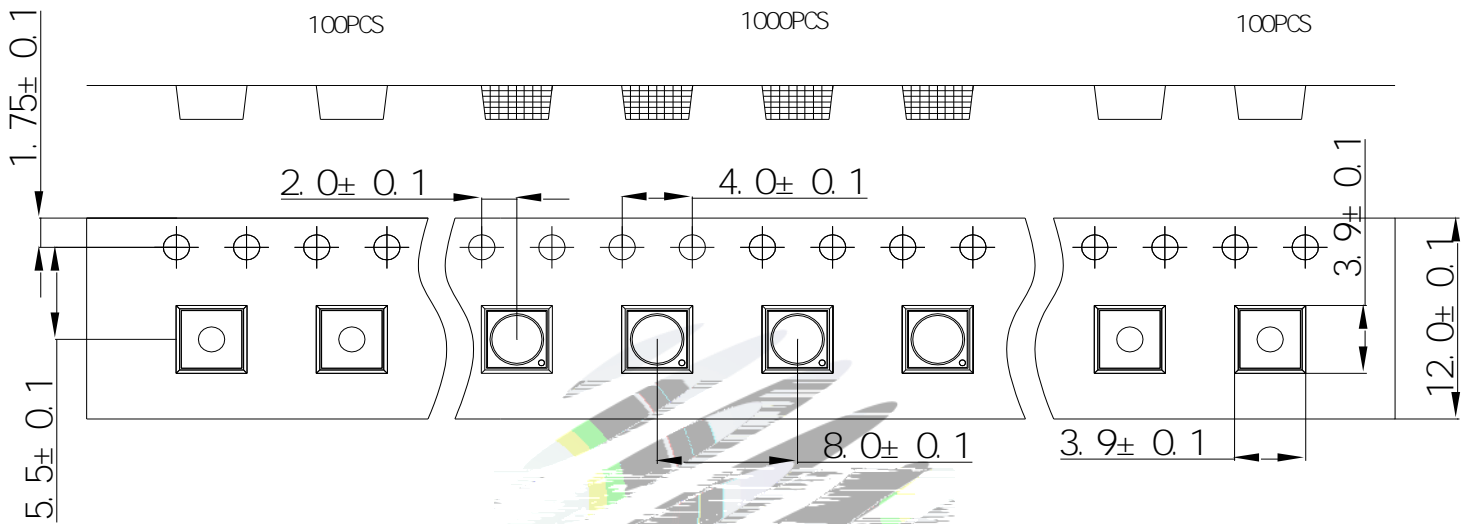


Fig.2-1 Carrier Tape Dimension 载带尺寸

#### 2.1.2 Reel Dimension 卷盘尺寸

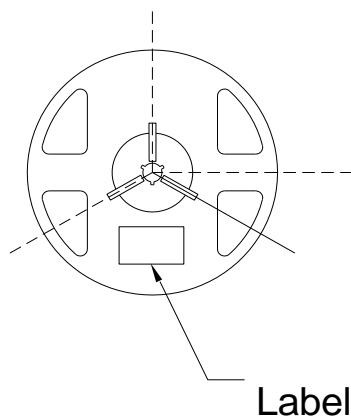


Fig.2-2 Reel 卷盘

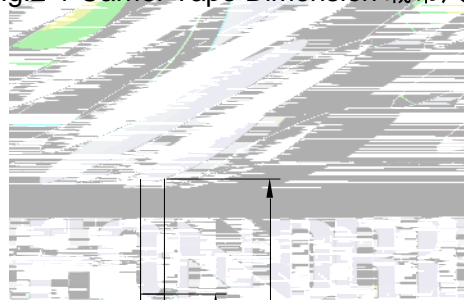


Table 2-1 Reel Dimension 卷盘尺寸

A	14.0±0.5mm
B	178±1mm
C	59±1mm
D	13.9±0.5mm

Notes 备注:

The tolerances unless mentioned  $\pm 0.1$ mm. Unit : mm 注: 未注公差为  $\pm 0.1$ 毫米, 尺寸单位: 毫米。

### 2.1.3 Label Form Specification 标签规格

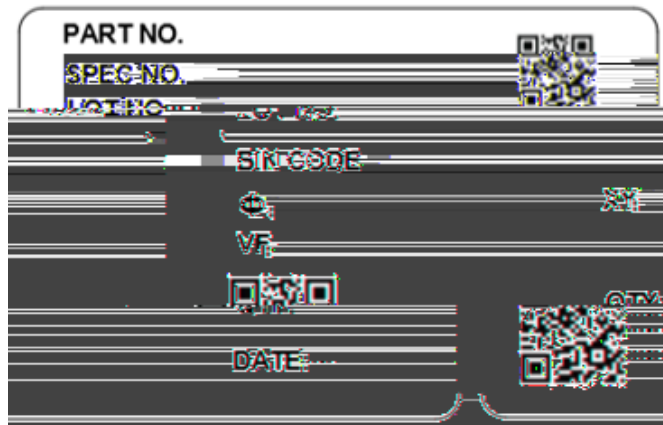


Fig 2-3 Label Form 标签模板

Table 2-2 Label Parameter 标签参数

PART NO.	Part Number 品名
SPEC NO.	Spec Number 规格
LOT NO.	Lot Number 批次号
BIN CODE	Bin Code 参数代码
	Luminous flux 光通量
XY	Chromaticity Bin 色区
V <sub>F</sub>	Forward Voltage 正向电压
QTY	Packing Quantity 数量
DATE	Made Date 生产日期

### 2.2 Moisture Resistant Packing 防潮包装

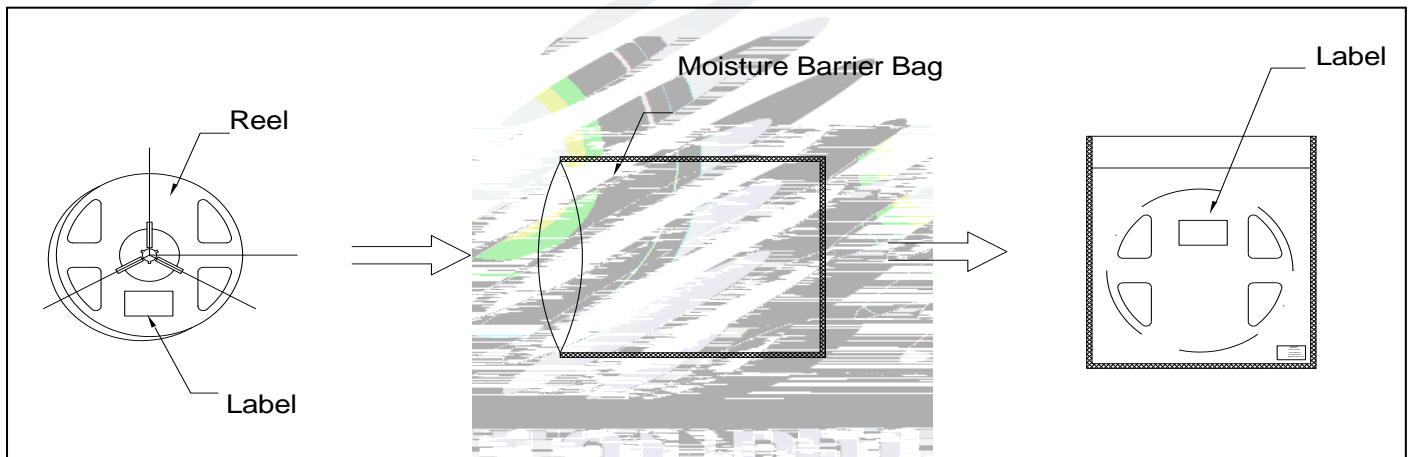


Fig.2-4 Packing specification 包装说明

### 2.3 Cardboard Box 包装纸箱

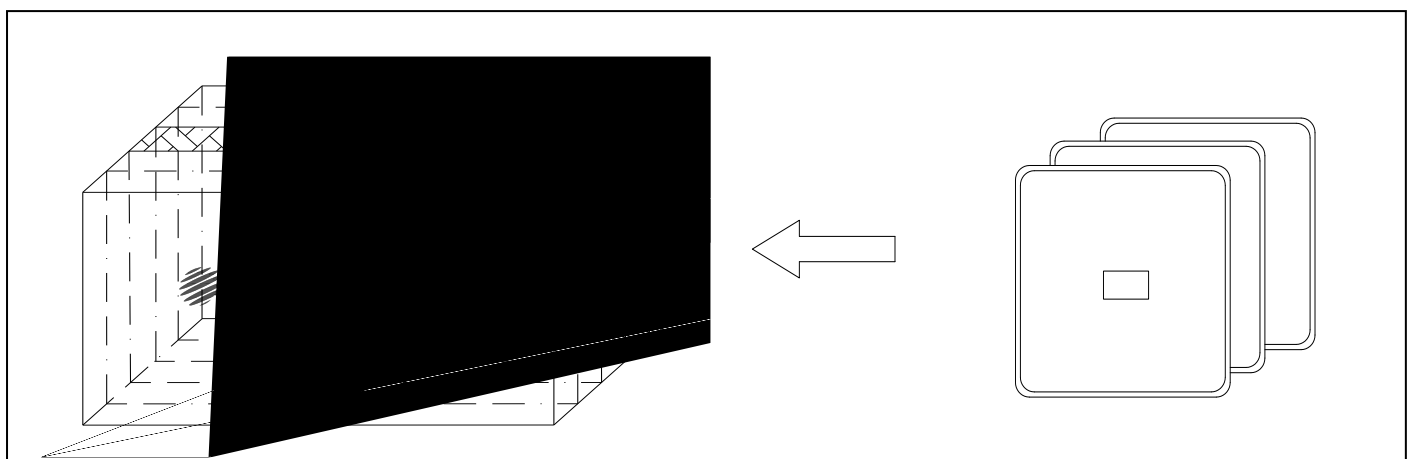


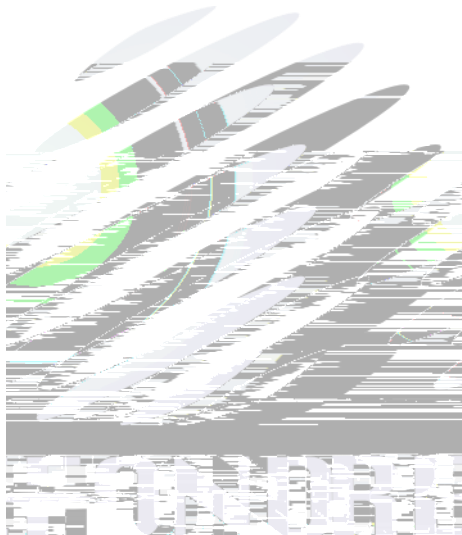
Fig.2-5 Cardboard Box 包装纸箱



## 2.4 Reliability Test Items And Conditions 信赖性测试项目及条件

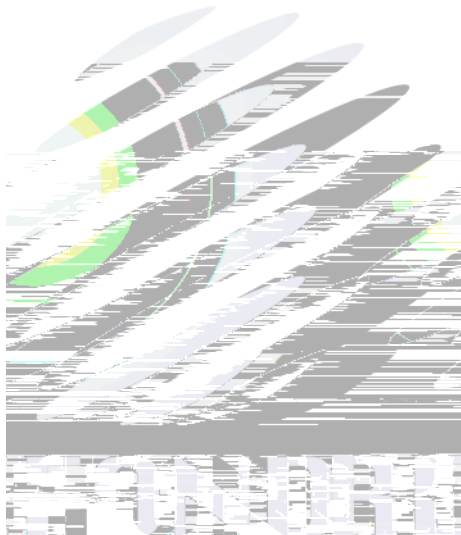
Table 2-3 Test items and conditions 测试项目及条件

Test Items	Ref. Standard	Test Condition	Time	Quantity	Ac/Re /
Reflow 回流焊	JESD22-B106	T <sub>emp</sub> :260°Cmax T=10 sec	2times.	10pcs.	0/1
Thermal Shock 冷热冲击	JEITAED-4701300307	-40°C 15min 10s 100°C 15min	1000 cycles	10pcs.	0/1
High Temperature Storage 高温保存	JEITAED-4701200201	T <sub>emp</sub> :100°C	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
Low Temperature Storage 低温保存	JEITAED-4701200202	T <sub>emp</sub> :-40°C	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
High Temperature Life Test 常温通电	JESD22-A108	T <sub>A</sub> =105°C I <sub>F</sub> =350mA	1000hrs.	10pcs.	0/1
High Temperature High Humidity Life Test 高温高湿通电	JESD22-A101	60°C/ 90%RH I <sub>F</sub> =350mA nBT.			



### 3. SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明

#### 3.1 SMT Reflow Soldering Instructions SMT 回流焊说明



Notes 备注:

(1) Reflow soldering should not be done more than twice. If more than 24 hours between the two solderings, LED will be damaged. 回流焊不能超过两次, 两次焊接的时间间隔不能超过24小时, LED可能由于吸湿而损坏。

(2) When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating. 当焊接时, 不要在材料受热时用力压胶体表面。

### 3.1.1 Soldering Iron 烙铁焊接

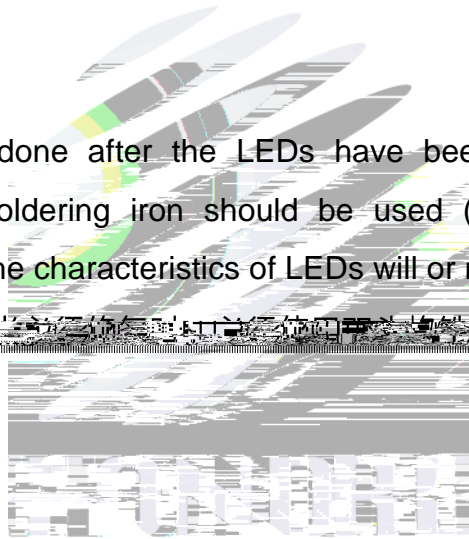
(1) When do soldering by hand, keep the temperature of iron below less 300 less than 3 seconds. 当手工焊接时, 烙铁的温度必须小于300°C, 时间不可超过3秒。

(2) Soldering by hand should be done only one time. 手工焊接只可焊接一次。

### 3.1.2 Repairing 修补

Repairing should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed in advance whether the characteristics of LEDs will or not be damaged by repairing.

LED 焊接后不可再进行修补, 当不可避免时, 应使用双头烙铁(如下图所示), 应事先确认LED本身的特性是否会损坏LED本身的特性。

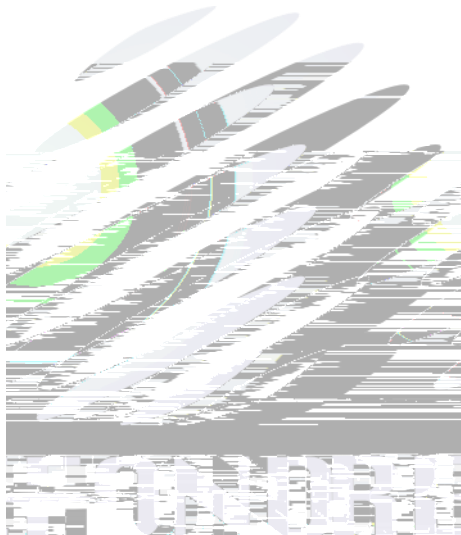


### 3.1.3 Cautions 注意事项

(1) The encapsulated material of the LEDs is silicone. Therefore the LEDs have a soft surface on the top of package. The pressure to the top surface will be impacted on the reliability of the LEDs. Precautions should be taken to avoid the strong pressure on the encapsulated part. So when use the picking up nozzle, the pressure on the silicone resin should be proper. LED封装胶为硅胶, 表面较软, 按压顶部胶体位置会影响LED可靠性, 因此应有预防措施避免在按压器件, 当使用吸嘴时, 胶体表面的压力应是恰当的。

(2) Components should not be mounted on warped (non coplanar) portion of PCB. After soldering, do not warp the circuit board. LED 灯珠不要焊接在弯曲的 PCB 板上, 焊接之后, 也不要弯折电路板。

(3) Do not apply mechanical force or excess vibration during the cooling process to normal temperature after soldering. Do not rapidly cool device after soldering. 回流焊之后冷却过程中, 不要对材料施加外力, 也不要震动, 回流焊后, 不要采用激剧冷却的方式。



## 4. Handling Precautions 产品使用注意事项

### 4.1 Handling Precautions 产品使用注意事项

(1) LED operating environment and sulfur element composition cannot be over 100PPM in the LED mating usage material. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. LED 工作环境及与 LED 适配的材料中硫元素及化合物成份不可超过 100PPM. 这只是一个建议, 不作任何品质担保。

(2) In order to prevent external material from getting into the inside of LED, which may cause the malfunction of LED, the single content of Bromine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the single content of Chlorine element is required to be less than 900PPM, the total content of Bromine element and Chlorine element in the external materials of the application products is required to be less than 1500PPM. This is provided for informational purposes only and is not a warranty or endorsement. 为了防止外界物质进入 LED 内部以造成 LED 的损伤, 所处环境及所用套件等等, 单一的溴元素含量要求小于 900PPM, 单一氯元素含量要求小于 900PPM, 溴元素与氯元素总含量必须小于 1500PPM. 这只是一个建议, 不作任何品质担保。

(3) VOCs (Volatile organic compounds) emitted from materials used in the construction of fixtures can penetrate silicone encapsulants of LEDs and discolor when exposed to heat and photonic energy. The result can be a significant loss of light output from the fixture. Knowledge of the properties of the materials selected to be used in the construction of fixtures can help prevent these issues. Refond advises against the use of any chemicals or materials that have been found or are suspected to have an adverse affect on device performance or reliability. To verify compatibility, Refond recommends that all chemicals and materials be tested in the specific application and environment for which they are intended to be used. Attaching LEDs, do not use adhesives that outgas organic vapor. 应用套件中的挥发性物质会渗透到 LED 内部, 在通电产生光子及热的条件下, 会导致 LED 变色, 进而造成严重光衰, 提前了解套件材料能够避免产生这些问题。瑞丰反对使用任何对 LED

还是仅仅怀疑有害。针对特定的用途和使用环境, 瑞丰建议对所有的物质和材料进行相容性的测试。在贴装 LED 时候, 不要使用能产生有机挥发性气体的粘结剂。

(4) Handle the component along the side surface by using forceps or appropriate tools; do not directly touch or Handle the silicone lens surface, it may damage the internal circuitry. 通过使用适当的工具从材料侧面夹取，不可直接用手或尖锐金属压胶体表面，它可能会损坏内部电路。

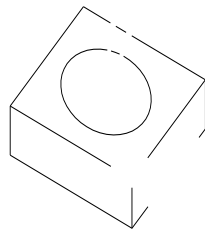
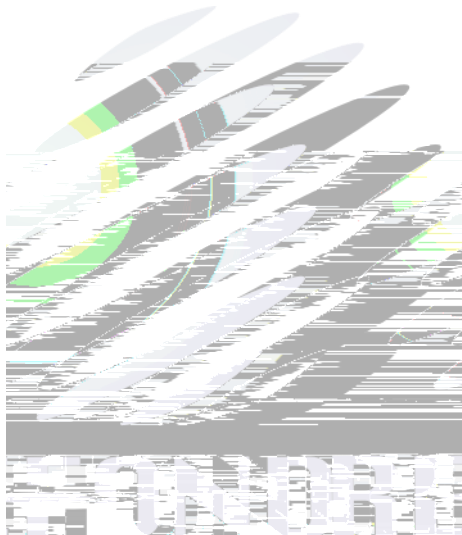


Fig 4-1 Misoperation 错误操作

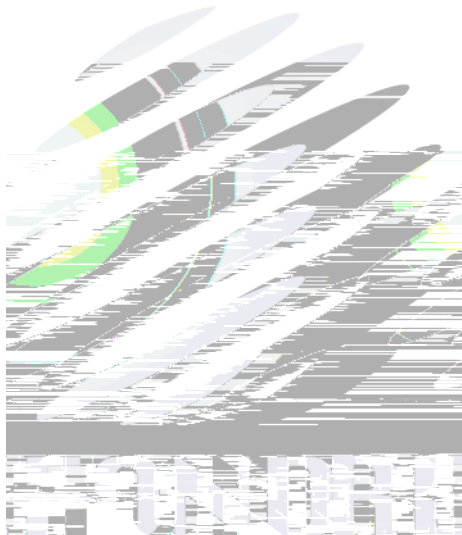
(5) In designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen. The driving circuit must be designed to allow forward voltage only when it is ON or OFF. If the reverse voltage is applied to LED, migration can be generated resulting in LED damage. 设计电路时，通过 LED 的电流不能超过规定的最大值，同时，还需使用保护电阻，否则，微小的电压变化将会引起较大电流变化，可能导致产品损坏。电路设计必须保证只有在开启或者关闭的时候出现正向电压的变化，不要施加反压，否则会损坏 LED。

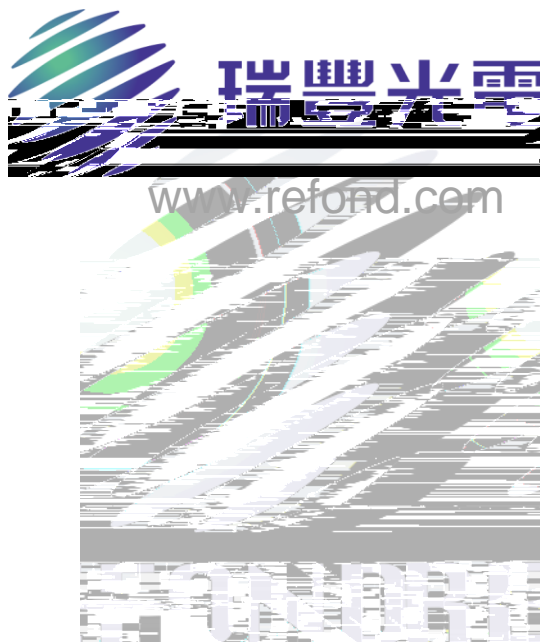
(6) Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decreased, Color change and so on. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design. LED 容易因为自身的发热和环境的温度改变而改变，温度升高会降低 LED 发光效率，影响发光颜色，所以在设计时应充分考虑散热问题。

(7) Compared to standard encapsulants, silicone is generally softer, and the surface is more likely to attract dust requiring special care during processing. In cases where a minimal level of dirt and dust particles cannot be guaranteed, a suitable cleaning solution must be applied to the surface after the soldering of components. Refond suggests using isopropyl alcohol for cleaning. In case other solvents are used, it must be assured that these solvents do not dissolve the package or resin. Ultrasonic cleaning is not recommended. Ultrasonic cleaning may cause









Declare 申明

This specification is written both in English and in Chinese and the latter is formal.

产品规格书以中英文方式书写。以中文方式在附件中有正式说明